

The Quincy Union.

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BY
W. W. KELLOGG.

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DEPUTY COUNTY SURVEYOR,
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Is the only authorized Deputy, and will attend to any business connected with the office. [2-45tf]

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WORK done to order on short notice, and on reasonable terms.

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Dealer in all kinds of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
SODA BAR,
EAST BRANCH OF FEATHER RIVER.

THE HOTEL attached to the Store, will be kept open for the accommodation of the public. 23-1f

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CHECKS DRAWN ON MARYSVILLE.
Round Valley, May 11th, 1863. n24-1f

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ADVERTISEMENTS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS solicited for the QUINCY UNION, and will also attend to forwarding advertisements to papers published in any part of California, Oregon, Washington Territory, the Sandwich Islands, or the Atlantic States.

Quincy Union.

"LIBERTY AND UNION—NOW AND FOREVER—ONE AND INSEPARABLE."—Webster.

VOL. 3.

QUINCY, PLUMAS COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1865.

NO. 26.

Advertisements.

ONE PRICE STORE!!

CHAS. T. KAULBACK,
[Opposite Court House, Quincy, Plumas Co.]

—DEALER IN—
General Merchandise,
Dry Goods, Clothing,
Fancy Goods, Carpets, etc.,
Furnishing Goods,
Yankee Notions,
Boots & Shoes, Hats,
Crockery Ware, Glass Ware,
Groceries, Provisions,
Tobacco, Cigars,
Hardware, Willow Ware,
Liquors, Wines,
Paints, Oils,
&c., &c., &c.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is confident he can give perfect satisfaction. 47-1f

MILLER & KINGSLEY.

Susanville,
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(Fire Proof Store.)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Grain, Groceries,
Provisions, Liquors,
Cigars, Tobacco,
Saddlery, Hardware,
Large supply of
Carpenter's Tools, Glass,
Earthenware, Oils,
Paints, &c., &c., &c.

CLOTHING

OF EVERY STYLE,

and adapted to the wants of all, and at the very lowest cash prices.

Hats & Caps.

Boots & Shoes.

DRY GOODS.

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS, &c., &c.,
Together with a complete assortment of every thing in our line. Call and examine. v2-44tf

KINGSLEY & MILLER.

S. M. ASCHHEIM & BROS.,

Main Street, Quincy.

—AND—
Indian Valley, near Taylor's Mill.

They invite attention to their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

—OF—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Consisting of

BOOTS AND SHOES,
CLOTHING,
GROCERIES,
LIQUORS,
CROCKERY,
MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS, &c.,

DRY GOODS,
PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS,
CAMPHENE,

Which they offer to the public at the lowest reasonable rates.
Quincy, Oct. 21, 1862. 1-4f

MYERS & RITCHIE,

Nelson Point.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE

assortment of Merchandise, Provisions, &c.,

and all articles usually kept in a Mountain store,

such as

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Provisions, Boots and Shoes,
Hats & Caps, Clothing,
Hardware, Glassware,
Crockery, Paints,
Lamp Oil, Camphene,

Liquors, Wines, &c., &c.

Their stock has been selected with great care,

and they are determined to sell at prices such as

will satisfy their old and new friends.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

MYERS & RITCHIE.

SUSANVILLE BREWERY!

SUSANVILLE
HONEY LAKE
VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY

inform the public that they keep on hand

and for sale the best quality of

Lager Beer,

by the Keg, Bottle or Glass and at the lowest prices, for cash. 35-4f

G. STROUSE.

CUNNINGHAM & HOLTHOUSE,

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.

Taylorville, Plumas Co., Cal.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF FALL

and Winter Goods, embracing the latest

Styles & Patterns,

to which we invite the attention of the Public in general. v2-3-4f

HYMN OF TRIUMPH.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

Not unto us, who did but seek
The word that burned within to speak,
Not unto us this day belong
The triumph and exulting song.

Upon us fell in early youth
The burden of unwelcome truth,
And left us, weak and frail and few,
The censor's painful work to do.

Thenceforth our life a fight became,
The air we breathed was hot with blame;
For not with gauged and softened tone
We make the bondman's cause our own.

We bore, as freedom's hope forlorn,
The private hate, the public scorn;
Yet held through all the paths we trod
Our faith in man and trust in God.

We prayed and hoped; but still with awe,
The coming of the sword we saw;
We heard the nearing steps of doom,
And saw the shade of things to come.

We hoped for peace; our eyes survey
The blood-red dawn of freedom's day;
We prayed for love to loose the chain;
'Tis shown by battle ax in twain!

Nor skill nor strength nor zeal of ours
Has harnessed and heaved the hostile towers,
Not by our hands is turned the key
That sets the sighing captives free.

A redder sea than Egypt's wave
Has piled and parted for the slave;
A darker cloud moves on in flight,
A fiercer fire is guide by night.

The praise, O Lord! be thine alone,
In Thy own way Thy work be done!
Our poor gifts at Thy feet we cast
To whom be glory, first and last.

[For the QUINCY UNION.]

MUSIO. No. 6.

BY J. W. SNYDER.

The power and advantages of music have ever been acknowledged throughout the whole civilized world.

A practical knowledge of the art and science of music was considered by ancient nations as one of the most important and useful accomplishments that could adorn the human character.

The Pythagoreans practiced music for the purpose of elevating and refining the feelings—for inciting their minds to pure moral actions—for bringing their souls and bodies into a proper state for the holy and ennobling devotions of the soul to its God, and for instilling into their minds a passionate love for all that is amiable, virtuous, truthful and good. One of their doctrines was, that the soul consists of harmony, and by the practice of music, they imagined that it could awaken the faculties of the soul which it possessed in its pre-existent state in Heaven.

The ancients attributed still other effects produced by the power of music—such as curing diseases, quelling seditions, raising and subduing the passions, and even causing madness and distraction.

It is recorded in ancient history that the bite of the Tarantula was curable by music alone. A peculiar style of music, or a certain favorite tune of the person effected with the venomous poison, would produce a speedy cure. The effect of its poison has a rigid and paralyzing influence upon the body, and when the musician hits upon the right, or favorite piece of music, the extremities of the hands and feet first begin to show some sign of life by a nervous quivering motion, (as if under the influence of an electro-magnetic battery) until it permeates the whole body, when the person will sometimes dance and cut the wildest kind of antics imaginable until the influence of the poison is overcome in the system.

The same power is also acknowledged in music of more modern times. Dr. Niewentit, in speaking of an Italian, who, by varying his music from gay to solemn, and from brisk to slow, and vice versa, could move the soul to such a degree as to produce madness and distraction.

There is an instance in the history of the French Academy, of a musician who was taken with a malignant fever, which was cured by a number of musicians who visited him in his room, and gave concerts of choice and favorite pieces of music.

Perhaps, no one that has ever lived could produce more astonishing effects by music than Paganini on his violin. He could put an audience in tears one moment, and the next convulse it with laughter, on one single string.

There was a violinist in Philadelphia some years ago, who gave a concert there which he closed with the Star-Spanked Banner, Hail Columbia and Yankee Doodle, without stopping. The audience, with scarcely an exception were

leaning forward with eyes and mouths wide open. This was related to us by a Presbyterian clergyman, who was one of the audience, and 'caught himself' in the act, and had time to notice the whole audience in the same ridiculous position, so completely was that large audience carried away with the music of the violin.

There is a power in music that can calm the wildest and deepest sorrow, which we may seek in vain for any other science to effect. It can unlock the fountain of the soul, and cause the long pent-up tear to flow from the weary tearless eye, and thereby bring relief to the overburdened heart, which would otherwise soon have ceased to pulsate under its crushing weight of sorrow.

How often is the darkening frown dispelled and the angry spirit made calm by hearing some delightful and charming music, or some loved one singing a beautiful and favorite melody.

How refreshing to the weary laborer, farmer and mechanic as they return home from their labor and toil, to sit and listen to the soul cheering and ever welcome strains of a beloved wife, sister or mother, and the sweet silvery notes of the cherished and loved little songsters of a happy home, which is ever an inexhaustible source of pleasure to the fond, faithful and affectionate parent's heart.

A TOWER OF SKULLS.—Lamarine in his "Pilgrimage to the Holy Land," writes as follows:

"When I was about a league from Nisa, the last Turkish town almost on the frontier of Servia, I saw a large tower rising up in the midst of the plain as white a Parian marble. I took the path which led to it. I desired a Turkish lad who accompanied me to hold my horse, and I sat down under the shade of the tower to enjoy a few moments repose. No sooner was I seated, than raising my eye to the monument, I discovered that the walls which I supposed to be built of marble or regular rows of white stone, were composed of regular rows of human skulls, bleached by rain and sun, and cemented by a little sand and lime, formed entirely the triumphal arch which now sheltered me from the burning sun! There must be from fifteen to twenty thousand. In some places portions of the hair are still hanging and waved like lichen and moss with every breath of wind. The mountain breeze was blowing fresh, penetrating the innumerable cavities of the skulls, and sounded like a mournful and plaintive sigh. These were skulls of fifteen thousand Servians, who had been put to death by the Pacha in the last insurrection of Servia. Servia, however, is now free, and this monument will teach their children the value of independence by showing them the price at which their forefathers purchased it."

SMUGGLER.—The Memphis Bulletin of the 4th says a few days since a sleek looking chap in butternut toggery attempted to pass the picket near that city, without being searched. He was, however, overhauled and made to pass through inspection; but nothing more cotrahand, than a pair of new boots was found about him. They were on his feet. An examination soon after revealed the fact that they had false soles, between which and true soles was found snugly stowed away a quantity of percussion caps which he was smuggling into Dixie. Butternut was arrested for smuggling.

In speaking of vegetation in California, Dr. Bellows says that "one man cut a stick which he carried as a cane for a week or two, and then sticking it into the ground as a support to a weak sapling, it sprouted, and in two years he gathered a peck of pears from that very cane? We have no conception of the activity of that soil." We believe you, Doctor!

SOMETHING LIKE A SCARECROW.—"You don't know anything about scarecrows. If you'd seen one that my Uncle Ben made once, you'd think so too. Why, he made one and set it up in his cornfield, that frightened the feathers off every crow that looked at it; and by jingo, one crow that had been pecking around the field for two or three days, after he'd seen it, actually went away and brought back all the corn he had stolen."

LARGE DEED.—There is a deed in the Recorder's office of Tuolumne county, with \$300 in stamps on it. It is the deed of sale of the Blue Gulch quartz vein, which has been sold to Pennsylvania capitalists.

SPECIAL INTERVIEW BETWEEN GENERAL SHERMAN AND THE BRITISH CONSUL AT SAVANNAH.—A correspondent of the New York Herald says:

"The extraordinary success with which General Sherman has conducted his campaign during the last nine months has secured for him the affections of the American people beyond that of any other military officer. He has become as popular as a military officer as Vice Admiral Farragut has as a naval commander. Anything relating to him is therefore interesting. Through an officer in his command, recently arrived, I have obtained the circumstances of an amusing scene, said to have taken place between General Sherman and the British Consul at Savannah, which, to say the least, is characteristic of that officer, as well as the self-sufficient style of her Majesty's officials in the South.

On the arrival of General Sherman at Savannah, he saw a large number of British flags displayed from buildings, and had the curiosity to know how many British consuls there were there. He soon ascertained that these flags were on buildings where cotton had been stored away, and at once ordered it to be seized. Soon after that, while the General was busily engaged at his headquarters, a pompous gentleman walked in, apparently in great haste, and inquired if he was General Sherman?—Having received an affirmative reply, the pompous gentleman, remarked, 'that when he left his residence United States troops were engaged in removing his cotton from it, when it was protected by the British flag.'

'Stop, sir,' said Gen. Sherman, 'not your cotton, but my cotton; my cotton, in the name of the United States government, sir. I have noticed,' continued Gen. Sherman, 'a great many British flags here, all protecting cotton; I have seized it all in the name of my government.'

'But, sir,' said the Consul, indignantly, 'there is scarcely any cotton in Savannah that does not belong to me.'

'There is not a pound of cotton here, sir, that does not belong to me, for the United States,' responded Sherman.

'Well, sir,' said the Consul, swelling himself up with the dignity of his office, and reddening in his face, 'my government shall bear of this. I shall report your conduct to my government, sir.'

'Ah! pray, who are you, sir?' said the General.

'Consul to her British Majesty, sir.'

'Oh! indeed!' responded the General.

'I hope you will report me to your government. You will please say to your government, for me, that I have been fighting the English government all the way from the Ohio river to Vicksburg, and thence to this point. At every step I have encountered British arms, British munitions of war, and British goods of every description, at every step, sir. I have met them sir in all shapes; and now, sir, I find you claiming all the cotton sir. I intend to call upon my government to order me to Nassau at once.'

'What do you propose to do there?' asked the Consul, somewhat taken aback.

'I would,' replied the General, 'take with me a quantity of picks and shovels and throw that cursed sandhill into the sea, sir; and then I would pay for it, sir, if necessary. Good day, sir.'

It is needless to add that General Sherman was not again troubled with the officious representative of her Majesty's Government.

On the River Amazon are found spiders with bodies two inches long, that catch and suck birds; butterflies that are mistaken for humming birds; green snakes just like creeping plants, and a lovely coral snake with bands of black and vermilion separated by clear white rings; monkeys only seven inches long; and owl-faced apes sleeping all day and lively all night.

AN OLD BACHELOR ON WOMEN.—If you don't marry them, then, they despise you. If you do they abuse you. If you don't let them have their way they hate you. If you do they ruin you. If they see a better looking fellow than yourself and take a fancy to him, why, ten to one but they run away from you. Get married! not if I know it.

The Call says the large increase of Chinese medical practitioners in this city has had the effect of withdrawing a number of Celestials from the less lucrative business of washing the dirty linen of Americans who are extravagant enough to wear that article. This is libelous.

The Quincy Union.

All Letters relating to the business affairs of the paper should be addressed to the Publisher.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

No paper will be forwarded from this office unless the subscription is paid in advance. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires. The rule will be strictly enforced.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Our friends everywhere, who may at any time have knowledge of facts of local importance—incidents, accidents, mining news, doings of public meetings, improvements, curiosities, etc.—would confer a favor upon us and our readers generally by sending notice of the same to this office. Give us facts in any shape, and we will take care of them.

THE CONSUMPTION.—General Grant has

has at last realized the grand idea with which his soul was filled when, eleven months ago, as Lieutenant General of the armies of the Union, he moved across the Rapidan against the rebel hosts and toward their Capital. His fame as a General had already been established. The applause of his countrymen for mere military achievements was not his object. His brow was already decked with laurels such as no American General had ever worn before. His appointment to the supreme and independent direction of the military forces of the Government was received with universal satisfaction by the people. Not even a Constitutional point was raised against it by the most profound or incorrigible of Copperhead authorities. That he organized a campaign, not for the purpose of winning ephemeral victories, but to crush out and destroy the rebellion, was the popular hope and belief; and now the brief official announcement of the Secretary of War electrifies the nation with the intelligence that its great hope and faith has actually been consummated. As an appropriate finale of Sherman's march, of Sheridan's victories in the Shenandoah Valley, of the fall of Wilmington and Charleston, and of all the operations of the past year, the battle of Petersburg, commencing on the 29th of March and ending with the capture of Lee and his army on the 8th of April, comes in as the catastrophe of the great drama and as the last act of a combination worthy of the master mind that planned it and of the great object for which it was designed. We may now feel in truth and in fact that the back-bone of the monster is broken. For many months past Robert E. Lee has been the life, the soul and the stay of the rebel Confederacy. His army was composed of the veterans of a four years' war and the flower of Southern chivalry, compared with whom the enforced regiments of Johnston and Hood, Early, Beauregard and Hardee were a cowed and disorderly rabble. Jeff. Davis had fallen into contempt, while Lee was venerated as a second Washington. With one voice they called upon him to assume the dictatorship, thus staking their last hope of success upon his supposed wisdom and invincibility. The war, as a war between belligerents, is most emphatically closed by this consummation of the comprehensive scheme of General Grant. With Richmond, Lee and his army, and every rebel report, in our possession, the rebel Generals yet at large are reduced to the status of guerrillas and brigands, and as such will be exterminated. In a mere military point of view, the decisiveness of Grant's victory is most complete. Waterloo will no more stand as the lone synonym of utter and irredeemable defeat, and Petersburg will echo in the ears of posterity a lesson of disaster which will appall the hearts of all future rebels. Its importance as an event in restoring a nation to peace and to its legitimate position within its own borders and among the Powers of the world can scarcely be appreciated. It will be celebrated throughout the land with every demonstration of triumph, of joy and of thankfulness to the Kind Providence who hath vouchsafed it to the people of the United States and the friends of liberty throughout the world.—[Sac. Union.]

THE SADDLE TRAIN FOR IDAHO.—A correspondent of the Union, writing from Susanville, April 6th, says:

If you think it of sufficient interest, please state in your paper that the "saddle train" which left Chico for Idaho about noon, on the 3d inst, arrived here at five o'clock P. M. Our party consisted of fifteen mounted men, beside Captain Pierce and those connected with the train. The people of the town received us with anvil salute, and cheer upon cheer for the "pioneer train." We have had no difficulty on the route; the road is good and the trail over the snow well broken, as you can judge when I say we crossed the summit and traveled twenty-eight miles yesterday. To-day we have come thirty-three miles. Accommodations along the road have been very good indeed, better than we expected. From here we shall be obliged to pack supplies. Our party feel like Swinley's borders, "happy and content."

MINING DIVIDEND.—The Yellow Jacket and Imperial Mining companies have each declared a dividend on the 1st of April. It is rumored in San Francisco that the former company's dividend is \$100 per foot. The Imperial pays \$10 per share.

The electric clock on the Postoffice, San Francisco, is made to keep time by the operation of clock works located over three blocks distant from the clock.

The Quincy Union.

JOHN R. BUCKBEE, Editor.

San Francisco Agency.
J. J. KNOWLTON & Co., L. P. FISHER, THOS. BOYCE, and W. H. TOBEY are the only authorized agents for the Union in San Francisco.
Sacramento Agency.
E. K. PHIPPS is our duly authorized agent at Sacramento.

QUINCY.

SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1865.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Death comes to all the living. We weep for the departure of individual friends but the waves of time soon obliterate the keenness of our grief. Sorrow comes certainly at the gentlest parting, but when murder stalks abroad, and the assassin's hand is raised against "the Lord's anointed," when the great head of the people is thus wantonly struck at, it begets other and deeper feelings than sorrow,—conciliation gives way to revenge, and returning good feeling is displaced by a deadly animosity.

Such a stroke of news as the assassination of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, comes over us like a thunder-clap in a clear sky. He was, and is not. Beloved by a whole people, that people mourn his death with a sorrow unutterable. The flag that floats at half mast; the signs and symbols of woe are nothing—nothing in comparison to the feeling that burns in the heart of men and women. Grave stern men weep as children, and deep indeed must be the love that causes such tokens of grief.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN is dead—dead, and a martyr to the holiest cause for which man ever fought or prayed. The report of the assassin's pistol will produce greater and more wonderful results than the first gun at Sumpter. That only aroused a single nation to patriotism, but the assassin's act will grow until the whole world will stand amazed and confounded at the cause which led to the "deep damnation of his taking off."

The murderer was a madman, but what caused his madness? Where was the reason for such fanaticism. The whole world will give answer that it is traceable directly to the teachings of that class who for four years have followed with the relentless fury of a tiger—Dupes of false teachers and teachings—how long will ye associate with a class whose fruits are thus bloody? A good tree does not produce such fruit.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN was the Moses of our pilgrimage, from the house of bondage to the "canaan of rest and freedom." His eyes were permitted to behold the locality of the promised land, but his feet were not suffered to enter it. Through the wilderness of war he has led the people in safety, yet wearied with toil he has at the very entrance to the nation's rest, been summoned hence forever. Yet will his spirit animate us in life, and our children's children to the "last syllable of recorded time." As Washington is held in veneration as the FATHER, so will Lincoln be considered the SAVIOR of the country. Side by side will they stand in the hereafter, twins in immortality. To-day they occupy the same niche in the public heart; the future will award them parallel pages in history.

We are in sight of the Palestine of peace, but who is to be our Joshua? Lincoln was a pillar of light,—who is to occupy the position of the cloudy pillar? Great men we have; brilliant men we have, but with LINCOLN gone, with Seward helpless, in whom can we trust? When can we follow with such implicit confidence in honesty, integrity and goodness. The future shows only one certainty, that we shall all become radical. Let us trust that out of so dread a sacrifice will spring sweet offerings of peace and that a united country will meet and join hands and strew flowers over the tomb of the departed great.

"The great and good die not,
Their spirits walk the earth."

SUMMARY OF NEWS.—Johnson took the oath of office and entered upon the discharge of duties as President on Monday 15th. His inaugural will be found in another column.

The Rebel Johnston has surrendered to Sherman his whole army.

The whole land is convulsed with woe at the terrible news of the assassination of Lincoln; enough has been discovered to show it was the result of a wide spread plot, and that the conspirators intended to assassinate Andrew Johnson, Stanton, Grant, and the members of the Cabinet.

In San Francisco the people gutted the offices of the San Francisco Press, Monitor—Zack Montgomery's paper—the Echo du Pacific and Franco American. Order was restored next day and quiet reigns supreme. Beriah Brown made his escape to San Leandro.

Congress.—It is reported that an extra session of Congress will be called in a short time.

Mobile is now occupied by the Union forces.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

WASHINGTON, April 16th.—The following is a full report of President Johnson's remarks on taking the oath of office yesterday:

GENTLEMEN—I must be permitted to say that I have been almost overwhelmed by the announcement of the sad event which has recently occurred. I feel incompetent to perform the duties so important and responsible as those which have been so unexpectedly thrown upon me. As to the indication of any policy which may be pursued by me in the Administration of the Government, I have to say that that must be left for the development, as the administration progresses, and a message or declaration must be made by acts as they transpire. The only assurance that I can now give of the future, is a reference to the past course which I have taken in connection with the rebellion, which must be regarded as a guarantee of the future. My past public life, which has been long and laborious, has been formed, as I in good conscience believe, upon the great principle of right which lies at the basis of all things. The best energies of my life have been spent in endeavoring to establish and perpetuate the principles of free government. I believe that the Government in passing its present perils, will settle down upon the principles consonant with popular rights, more permanent and enduring than heretofore. I must be permitted to say, if I understand the feelings of my own heart, that I have long labored to ameliorate and elevate the condition of the great mass of the American people, and in the honest advocacy of the great principles of free government, it has been my lot; and the duties have been mine, the consequences are God's. This has been the foundation of my political faith, and I feel that in the end the Government will triumph, and that these great principles will be permanently established. In conclusion let me say that I want your encouragement and countenance. I shall rely upon you and others in carrying the Government through its present peril. I feel that in making this request it will be heartily responded to by you and all other patriots and lovers of the rights and interests of a free people.

BE CALM.

We can offer only this advice to our friends in this hour of our great calamity—be calm! Our revenge will be found in a regenerated continent. The crucifixion of the Christ turned the eyes of the world to the cross, as the symbol at once of hope as well as sorrow. The death of our great leader will knock the last link from the last slave. It will disenthral the world. Nay, more, it will accomplish greater wonders. It will bring to reason those who have cursed him, and his enemies will strive to outdo each other in blessing and veneration his memory. "God's truth goes marching on."

ABOUT THE PRESIDENT.—The mournful events of yesterday have caused inquiry as to the mode of inaugurating President Lincoln's successor, Vice President Johnson.

Immediately upon the death of Harrison, on the 4th of April, 1841, the five members of the Cabinet, then in the city, viz: Secretaries Webster, Ewing and Bell, and Attorney General Crittenden and Postmaster General Granger, officially notified Vice President Tyler of the melancholy fact. On the 5th Tyler arrived in Washington and was officially waited upon by the heads of the Departments, to recognize him as President, and on the next day he took and subscribed the following oath, before Judge Granch.

"I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States."

—And served the remainder of the term.

In case Johnson should also die before the expiration of his term, the 9th and 10th sections of the Act of May 1, 1792, provide that when the office of both President and Vice President shall become vacant, the President pro tem. of the Senate, or if there is no President pro tem. of the Senate, then the Speaker for the time being of the House of Representatives shall act as President of the United States.

It being a new Congress the House has no Speaker. L. F. S. Foster, of Connecticut, is President pro tem. But in case such officer acts, it is not until the end of the term, but until a new election, which is provided to be held within thirty-four days of the first Monday of December then next succeeding, provided there is two months between the occurrence and such day of December; otherwise to be held the following year.

—[Sacramento Bee.

A MEAN FELLOW.—"J. W. S.," the Washington correspondent of the S. F. Bulletin, in one of his letters, attempts a show of his wit, and at the same time to cast a slur on Tom Shannon. J. W. S. is making himself notoriously infamous by his attacks upon every one who will not disgrace themselves by associating with him. He is a fit correspondent for the S. F. Bulletin.

REMARKABLE ALLEGATIONS.—George R. Dingle, who was engineer of the *Sophie McLane* at the time she exploded, has commenced suit against the owners, for damages. He makes the singular charge that, although the company knew of the unsoundness of the boilers, they refused to repair them in compliance with his repeated solicitations; that the manufacturer's mark was put on the iron in San Francisco, and that the Inspector knew beforehand that the material was unfit for use.

THE CRESCENT QUARTZ MILLS, & CO.

April 19, 1865.

EDITOR UNION:—Sadly I take my pen in hand, this week, to chronicle the passing events at the "Crescent," for we have just received the confirmation of the news of the perpetration of that horrible, infernal crime, the assassination of our noble President. Words cannot describe the stunning sensation, the feeling of deadly sorrow that fell with crushing weight upon our hearts, as glancing tremblingly over the telegraphic dispatches, hoping—vainly hoping to find ourselves deluded, we read too plainly these words,—"Abraham Lincoln is dead!" Fallen by the hand of an assassin, just as a nation was awakening to a sense of his worth; just as his enemies, even, were losing a portion of their vindictiveness in admiration of his sterling qualities: among which stand conspicuous his stern determination, his honesty of purpose, his kindness of heart, and that clear insight into the character of those with whom he was brought into contact, that eminently fitted him for the position he occupied, in times like these. As we glance upwards at the "Stars and Stripes," which now floats at half-mast from our flag-staff, the unbidden tear will fill the eye, as we remember with grateful feelings, whose hand has guided us through the most perilous times our country ever knew, and has made that flag, endeared to us now more than ever, by countless sacrifices, the pride of every true American heart; commanding, aye, commanding the respect of the whole civilized world. But that hand is now laid low; another must now take the helm of the Ship of State. Heaven grant that he, too, prove equal to the task. And Seward,—must we lose him, too? He, who has so wisely shaped our foreign policy as to keep us clear from foreign wars, till we have settled, or nearly settled our domestic difficulties? Now, more than ever, we need the wisdom of his counsel: for questions will soon arise, (both foreign and domestic,) that will require the cool, sagacious statesmanship of just such a man as Secretary Seward. That he may recover soon, and assume the functions of his office, will be the earnest prayer of the body of the American people. That this conspiracy may be traced to its source, and its authors dealt with without mercy, though their name is legion, is Put's ardent wish.

The affairs of the Crescent Co. are looking as prosperous as ever. They sent a "brick" below, last Sunday, containing a trifle over three thousand three hundred dollars, the result of a six-days' run, including several stoppages during the week.

At Greenville, the mills are doing remarkably well. Bidwell is confident he will retort, next Saturday, ten thousand dollars at least, from both the mills—the Waterworth and Lone Star—which, combined, only run eleven stamps.

Your old townsman, C. C. now residing at the Crescent, makes daily trips to the Premium, of which he is Superintendent. Lately, in company with B, he succeeded in tracing the Premium by the croppings over a thousand feet, and at every point found it surpassingly rich. There is no humbug about this, for Put has seen the specimens himself, and is satisfied from other evidences, that it is true. I have never seen richer quartz in my life, which contained only fine gold. They will erect a mill on the Premium this Summer, without fail.

I have no heart, after the events of the past few days, to retail the gossip that is "going the rounds" at the Crescent; and as I have collected no more new items of importance this week, I bid you for the present, adieu.

PUT.

THE ASSASSIN BOOTH.—John Wilkes Booth, the murderer of President Lincoln, is a son of the late J. B. Booth, famous as a tragedian. He was born near Baltimore, and is about twenty-five years old. In early youth he resided in Alabama. The success of his brother, Edwin Booth in the profession, induced this member of the family to try the stage, and he performed various leading characters in Eastern theaters with varied success. He exhibited more physical power than Edwin, but betrayed a lack of culture and taste. He is often referred to as the youngest of the Booth brothers. This is an error. He has a younger brother, Joseph Booth. Joseph joined the rebel army soon after the commencement of the rebellion, and was drafted into the Union army. Deserting this service, he returned to Baltimore, and procuring money from his mother, escaped to England. From England he went to Australia, and from Australia to San Francisco, where he obtained a situation as letter clerk and messenger in the office of Wells, Fargo & Co. He remained in San Francisco about a year, and went East on the last steamer. —[Sac. Union.

PAT BARRY publishes a card in the Virginia (Nev.) Union, in which he accuses Charles W. Cooke, now City Marshall, and candidate for Chief of Police of that city, with having once taken one hundred dollars "hush money" from a woman, whom he arrested while she was acting in the capacity of policeman.

BRUTAL ASSAULT.—On Saturday evening, April 8th, a young man by the name of Reed made a cowardly and brutal assault upon one William Alford, at Galeana (Nev.) an old man, beating him with a stool and stamping on his head and chest with his boots, producing several dangerous wounds and contusions. —[Washoe Times.

Washoe Times.

Washoe Times.

Washoe Times.

Washoe Times.

Washoe Times.

A WAIL FOR PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

(From the American Flag.)

Heart of the Nation, be calm in thy grief!
Burst not with the weight of thy woe!
Though the red hand of murder has slaughtered thy Chief!
And the crime shows a malice to stagger belief,
Our Grief goes not down with the blow,
As the sanctified vase sheds its odors abroad;
While broken beyond all repair,
So the mystical ways of an Almighty God,
Though they come in the stripes of His chastening rod,
Still leave us the comforts of prayer.

Great Father of Mercies! be with us to save?
Defend us from Anarchy's blight!
Thou hast not forsaken the cause of the slave,
For whom we have given the good and the brave!
Thou hast not forsaken the cause of the brave!
Thou hast not forsaken the cause of the brave!
Thou hast not forsaken the cause of the brave!

Give now to thy people consolation—oh, speak
In the soft voice of Reason, Thy will;
Our hearts are bowed down, and the future looks bleak,
Yet Hope is upreared with a glow on its peak,
Which tells us to trust in Thee still.

A wail for the honored of men, who has died
In the midst of his useful career;
The head of a Nation, our Government's pride,
Whose blood only adds to the baptismal tide
Which has flowed in the cause we hold dear.

HUNGARIAN HILL, April 17, 1865.

EDITOR UNION:—In my rambling communication I will commence with Music.

Mr. Snyder, of Meadow Valley, gladdened the hearts of the denizens of the Hill on Saturday evening with a number of choice songs. The entertainment was a very pleasant one to all present.

The Mines

Have the appearance of being "played out." No work of consequence has been done yet, owing to the lack of water. Dry seasons are a great drawback in the mines; and especially in this place where such an immense amount of dirt is mixed with the gold. Some people are adverse to having cold water thrown upon any enterprise, but we enterprising miners don't agree with them, and cry for more. In response, Messrs. Miller & Gilson propose to bring in a water-ditch from Rock Creek. The ditch is to be a large one, and will afford a sufficient quantity of water for a number of companies, at least six months in the year. I understand they will commence work immediately with the view of flooding the Hill by next Winter. I hope they will succeed in their undertaking. Plenty of water is the only thing needed on this Hill to make it a flourishing mining district. The mines are good, and so far as I know, everybody is willing to make a raise out of them.

Prospecting is in progress to some extent. Two new tunnels are started, one at the head of Quigley Ravine, owned by Mr. Kelly, the other, by Mr. O'Toole, some three miles farther up the hill, on the same gravel range. The old tunneling-company, Kohler & Co., have temporarily suspended work, but will resume operations early next Fall. These companies are exempt from paying income tax, while engaged in their present occupation.

The companies at work are Hersey & Co., in their old diggings, and Taylor & Co., on Slate Creek, with, I understand, fair results.

Agriculture.

While mining is uncertain, some of the inhabitants of the Hill, have gone to ranching; so look out for a fine display of "spuds" at the next Fair.

Yours Truly,

T.

Sorrow.—Never before have we witnessed such a general feeling of sorrow as pervades our community. Every one feels the loss of a personal and dear relative. We have yet to learn the first symptom of rejoicing at the death of Lincoln; such an expression would be met at once. Women and men weep like children, and all feel that Lincoln's death is the fitting climax to the fiendish acts of this rebellion. Our revenge will come, slowly to be sure, but nevertheless certain; not in private assassination or in destruction of property, but in the immortality of Lincoln and the sacred cause to which he was a martyr. "The blood of martyrs is the seed of the church."

JUDGE SEXTON.—We notice that the Oroville Record, Quincy Union and Red Bluff Independent advocate the claims of this gentleman for the Supreme Bench, to fill the seat soon to be made vacant by the expiration of the term of Judge Sanderson. With all due deference to the voice in favor of the nomination of Judge Sexton, and in doing so we not only pay a just tribute to his worth as a jurist, but we think we also do our duty to the Northern portion of the State. —[Shasta Courier.

ENTERPRISING.—The S. F. Flag publishes an extra every afternoon called the Dispatch, and in it it gives all of the telegraphic news as published in the Bulletin. In the Flag's morning edition, it gives all of the dispatches as published in the Alta. In order to do so, the Flag's issue is delayed about one hour later than the above named papers.

BRUTAL ASSAULT.—On Saturday evening, April 8th, a young man by the name of Reed made a cowardly and brutal assault upon one William Alford, at Galeana (Nev.) an old man, beating him with a stool and stamping on his head and chest with his boots, producing several dangerous wounds and contusions. —[Washoe Times.

Washoe Times.

MINES AND CAPITAL.—More than half the shares of the Gould & Curry are now owned in New York. The lectures of Professor Silliman, the geologist, are creating excitement at the East, and more capital is coming.

Miss EMMA HARDING delivered a lecture in Cooper Institute, New York on March 2nd.

NOT ARRESTED.—At last accounts the assassin of President Lincoln had not been arrested.

GOOD NEWS.—Secretary Seward's wounds are not considered dangerous.

MARRIAGES.

In Susanville, Lassen county, April 2d, by George L. Wedekind, Esq., Charles B. Clark to Mrs. Maggie Kelley, all of Susanville.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Butte Bar Gold & Silver Mining Company.—Assessment No. 5. NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of the above company, held on April 19th 1865, an assessment of two dollars per share was levied on the capital stock of said company, payable to the Secretary at Union Valley, in United States gold and silver coin, on the 27th day of April 1865.

Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 27th day of May, 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before will be sold on the third day of June to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

26-td JOHN B. OVERTON, Sec'y.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Comopolitan Copper Mine held at their premises, on Wednesday the third day of May, for the election of officers for the next six months, and the transaction of other business.

G. W. WILSON, Sec'y.

Genesee Valley, April 10th, 1865. 25-td

DECLARATION OF INTENTION.

Notice is hereby given, that we the undersigned subscribers declare our intention to organize a Joint Stock Company for the construction of a Turnpike Road connecting American and Indian Valleys, both in Plumas county, California, commencing at the town of Quincy, in American Valley running thence in the most practicable direction and on the best route down Spanish Creek to near its mouth and crossing, thence to Indian Creek and crossing, thence up Indian Creek to the place called Indian Creek Bridge, or the Bridge now used in crossing on the County Road between Crescent Mills and Taylorville, said Bridge being the terminus of the road.

A meeting of the subscribers will be held at Crescent Mills, Indian Valley, on Tuesday, the 25th day of April 1865, for the purpose of making a preliminary organization of the company.

Notice is also given that the company will be prepared to make a final organization, and that a meeting of the shareholders or subscribers will be held on the same day, after preliminary organization, for the purpose of making a final organization.

JAMES A. BLOOD, STEPHEN J. CLARK,
R. E. GARLAND, F. E. BLOOD,
JOHN COHEN, RICHARD THOMPSON,
JAS. E. EDWARDS, WM. A. BOLINGER,
WM. H. BLOOD, WM. H. BLOOD, Sec'y.

Crescent Mills, Indian Valley, April 10th, 1865. 25-td.

Superior Copper Mining Company, Union Mining District, Plumas Co., Cal.—OFFICE—Chico, Butte Co. Cal.

NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company, held on the 12th day of April, 1865, an assessment of one dollar per share was levied upon the capital stock of said Company, payable immediately to the Secretary, R. H. Allen, at the office of the company in Chico, Cal.

Any stock upon which said assessments shall remain unpaid on the 17th day of May, 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the 5th day of June, 1865, to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

25-td R. H. ALLEN, Sec'y.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Stockholders of the Indian Valley Road, will be held at the office of the Crescent Company, in Indian Valley, April 10th, 1865, at 2 o'clock, P. M. A punctual attendance of all the Stockholders is requested, as business of importance will come before the meeting.

W. H. BLOOD, Sec'y.

Arlington, March 30th, 1865. 23-2w

DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.—IT RENOVATES, PURIFIES AND STRENGTHENS THE SYSTEM, AND AIDS THE STOMACH IN THE PERFORMANCE OF ITS FUNCTIONS. IT IS A SOVEREIGN SPECIFIC FOR IMPARTING STRENGTH, VIGOR AND TONE TO THE SYSTEM, AND POSSESSING THE CURATIVE POWERS FOR ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STOMACH. IN THE MOST SEVERE CASES OF CRAMPS, DIARRHOEA AND WEAKNESS IN THE STOMACH, THE "BITTERS HAVE BEEN RIGIDLY TESTED, AND ALWAYS WITH THE GREATEST SUCCESS." SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN, San Francisco. B-24-1m

"A Slight Cold," Coughs.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough or "slight cold" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" give sure and almost immediate relief. Military Officers and Soldiers should have them, as they can be carried in the pocket and taken as occasion requires.

Agents for California, REDINGTON & CO., San Francisco. 24-1m

NOTICE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Marysville, Cal., March 25th, 1865.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE following described Township Plots are filed in this office, viz:

On March 10th, 1865.
Township No. 29 North, Range 13 East.
Township No. 28 North, 15 East.

On March 20th, 1865.
Township No. 27 North, Range 14 East.
Township No. 28 North, Range 13 East.
Township No. 28 North, Range 14 East.
Township No. 29 North, Range 14 East.
Township No. 29 North, Range 15 East.
Township No. 30 North, Range 12 East.
Township No. 30 North, Range 13 East.
Township No. 30 North, Range 15 East.

All of Mount Diablo Meridian, State of California. Settlers upon Lands in the above named Townships are hereby notified to file their claims in the Register's Office, at Marysville, within the time prescribed by law, otherwise they will lose the benefit of their claims.

J. SNYDER, Register.
CHAS. G. BOCKIUS, Receiver. 24-1m

Special Notices.

Delta Silver and Copper Mining Company.

Union District, Plumas County, Cal.—NOTICE.—There is delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment No. 3, levied Feb'y 27, 1865, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, follows:

Names.	No. Cert.	No. Shs.	Am't.
Jas. Thompson, . . .	85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 92.	70	\$17 50
C. B. White, . . .	91	10	2 50
Mrs. B. A. Hunt, . . .	51	34	8 50
W. R. Finch, . . .	49	33	8 25
J. M. Nash, . . .	93, 94, 100	25	00
Wm. Bankhead, . . .	82	50	12 40
Miller & Kingsley none issued		75	18 75
T. B. Sherman, . . .	76, 71,	150	37 50
A. R. Dresser, . . .	106, 107, 120	35	8 75
J. T. Farley, . . .	none issued	250	62 50
Chas. Dresser, . . .	105	10	2 50
J. Durang, . . .	57, 67	160	40 00
W. D. Hudson, . . .	63	5	1 25
B. D. Leonard, . . .	111	20	5 00
W. H. Dresser, . . .	110	13	3 25
Henry Miller, . . .	65	8	2 00
W. O. Dresser, . . .	112, 113,	35	8 75
G. W. Jarrard, . . .	4	20	5 00
Leonard & Co., . . .	108	25	6 25
Wm. Dresser, . . .	119	25	6 25
Wm. Dresser, . . .	none issued	137	34 25

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Trustees, made on the 27th day of February 1865, so many shares of each parcel of stock as may be necessary will be sold at the office of the company in Chico, Butte county, Cal., on Thursday the 30th of April, 1865, to pay said delinquent assessment, with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

HENRY ROBINSON, Sec'y.

By an order duly made and entered March 29th 1865, the above sale is postponed until Friday the 28th of April, 1865, at 3 o'clock of said day, at the office of the company in Chico.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
24-td HENRY ROBINSON, Sec'y.

G. W. PRESCOTT. CHAS. W. SCHEIDEL.

MARYSVILLE FOUNDRY

—AND—

MACHINE SHOP.

Corner of Fourth and B streets.

THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT HAS BEEN in successful operation for the last twelve years. Having superior tools for manufacturing and finishing, and greatly increased their

STOCK OF PATTERNS,

The undersigned are now prepared to supply all demands for

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS,

Of Every Description,

At as LOW RATES as any FOUNDRY in the State.

STEAM ENGINES BUILT AND REPAIRED.

Quartz Mills, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Thrashing Machines, Horse Powers, Malt Rollers,

Cast-Iron Rifles,

GEARING OF ALL KINDS,

We have 16 Steam Engines for Sale.

Steam Engines.

FOR SALE.

OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.

From 8 to 100 horse-power, will be furnished with Boilers and Fixtures complete.

AMALGAMATING MACHINERY,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

With all of the latest improvements.

WHEELER AND RANDALL PAN, WHEELER PANS & SEPARATORS, WAKELY PANS, AMALGAMATING TUBS, PLASTER'S GRINDERS,

CHILE MILLS.

Car Wheels, Derrick Irons, And all kinds of

HOUSE CASTINGS, ETC., ETC.

Mining Pumps.

The Quincy Union.

LOCAL ITEMS.

New Hotel.—A large Hotel is being built in Greenville, Indian Valley. It will be completed in a short time.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.—A Sunday School with about twenty members was organized in this town a short time since.

SUPERVISORS.—The Board of Supervisors of the county held their next regular meeting in May.

COURTS.—District Court will meet on the 2nd Monday in May, and the County and Probate Court meet on the 1st Monday of the same month.

Too Late.—The letter of "Pioneer" was received too late to appear in this issue. It will be published in our next.

DROWNED.—We learn that Mr. Benj. Beeler, an old resident of this county, was drowned in the river at Butte Bar, on Wednesday last, the 19th inst.

IMPROVING.—Ever since Edwards opened the Plumas House, he has been at work making alterations and improving the same, and he is still at it.

FATORS.—We are indebted to "Buck" Whiting of Whiting & Co's Express for favors rendered this office. Also to Capt. Moore, our efficient Postmaster, for courtesies extended.

FIRE.—The Toll House on the Indian Valley Road was burned to the ground on the night of the 19th inst. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary. Loss about \$600.

GOOD PROSPECTS.—From present indications say our farmers, there will be better crops of all kinds this season than in Indian Valleys than there has been for several years previous.

NEW STORE.—We learn that M. S. Aschheim Esq., has rented a building in Taylorville for a store, and that he has gone below to purchase a stock of goods. Also that he intends building a new store this summer.

REMEMBER.—We always stop sending our paper to a subscriber when the term of his subscription expires. Parties wishing their paper continued will have to renew their subscription, and pay for the same.

STARTED.—The Butte Bar Mill commenced running one day last week, but owing to some imperfection in the foundation of the batteries, the mill was stopped for a few days. It will be in running order again some time next week.

GOOD TIME.—Now is a good time to work on roads, and place them in good repair. Some of the roads and bridges in this valley are in need of a call from the road overseer. So says an anonymous correspondent,—"we don't know anything about it."

TO BE ORDERED.—A trail over the Oroville road will be broken for travel with animals in a few days. It seems to us that it is about time it was done, and it would have been, if certain men had any energy or enterprise about them.

McCLELLAN.—This lode is producing some of the finest ore yet discovered in it, paying as high as \$500 per ton, and we are informed that the company will realize over \$10,000 for the present weeks work of their mill. What quartz mill of the same size in the State can beat that.

MAY DAY BALL.—We have been requested to state that all persons who may wish to attend the Ball at Taylor's Hotel, in Taylorville, on the evening of May 1st, and who do not wish to "mask," will be admitted, as well as those who choose to wear them.

GREENVILLE.—At this town, on the receipt of the news of Lincoln's death, the stores were closed, the mills stopped running, and the town had the appearance of deep mourning over the sudden taking off of our good President. All work in the mines under the control of H. C. Bidwell, was suspended. The same at Round Valley and at several claims in Genesee.

NEW BRIDGE.—Messrs. Switzer & Co. are now at work putting up a new Bridge across Genesee Creek, near Taylorville, and a new road has been laid out between Genesee and Indian Valleys. The road will be built near the bank of the creek and will lessen the distance between the two valleys about one mile. The road will be completed during the coming summer.

PINKS.—It is currently reported that there are top or three black-hearted wretches in a remote part of this county who exulted over the assassination of President Lincoln. If such is the case, it is well for the contemptible curs that they did not happen to be in this town when the news arrived, for the feelings of our citizens were such that, had they shown the least sign of exultation over such a cowardly act, they would have been lucky to have escaped with their lives.

WHAT WE HAVE SEEN OF SLAVERY.—We have seen all the griefs and heart-rendings, and cold-bloodedness of the auction-block and the slave-pen; we have seen the remains of human beings, who had been hunted down and torn to pieces by more than two score of blood-hounds, with enails trailing along the ground, and the throat still bleeding from the fangs of the dogs! We have seen men sell their children, and their sons' children, at public auction. We have seen a woman with face as white as our own, stripped to the waist, pinioned to the whipping-post, till the blood ran down to her heels, while the scars were afterwards washed with brine, to prevent the lacerated back of the chattel from being fly-blown. More than this, we have seen an old man, crippled with chilblains, whipped to the field, while the soles of his feet were sloughing off with rotteness and alive with maggots. [S. F. Flag.]

The officers of the ship Great Republic were sentenced by Judge Hoffman. One to one day in the County Jail for each offense to which he had pleaded guilty, and for the beating of Geo. N. Daggett with a dangerous weapon, he was sentenced to eighteen months' hard labor in the State Prison. Wall's sentences amounted in the aggregate to eighteen months in the County Jail, and Captain Paul was sentenced to six months in County Jail.

THE ALPHABET OF TREASON.—A. B. C. D.: Arnold, Burr, Calhoun, Davis.

THE WAR ENDED.—Such is the telegraphic despatches. The fighting with rebellion is over, but there is a much greater triumph yet to come.

New Advertisements.

TO THE SICK.

CURES WITHOUT MEDICINES.

THIRTEENTH YEAR IN SAN FRANCISCO.

PIONEER WATER CURE!

"DR. BOURNE'S BATHS"

PERFECT CURES GUARANTEED, according to agreement, in all cases.

For the Cure of Neuralgia, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Consumption (incipient), Pleurisy, Fever and Ague, all other Fevers, Dropsy, Erysipelas, Colds, Coughs, Oak Poisoning, (for which Dr. Bourne discovered the only scientific and certain cure), Dyspepsia, "Drems," Sexual Weakness, the removal of Mercury and all other Mineral Poisons etc. The methods adopted by Dr. Bourne are the most pleasant, safest, quickest and reliable ever devised. **SAVE YOUR TIME, Comfort and Money** by employing Dr. BOURNE. **CONSULTATIONS FREE.** by Mail, Express or personally. Send or call for a Circular of recommendations, references, certificates of cures, etc., which are not bogus, but given by well-known and responsible individuals.

No. 10 Masonic Temple.
Corner of Montgomery and Post streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Entrance on Post street, adjoining the Grand Hotel.
26-3m

VERNON HOUSE, Taylorville, INDIAN VALLEY.

J. HARDGRAVE, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN NEWLY REFITTED and is one of the

BEST ARRANGED HOTELS.

In the mountains. No pains will be spared to accommodate those who patronize me. I

THE BAR is supplied with the best quality of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

PLUMAS HOUSE, QUINCY, Plumas Co., California.

THE Plumas House is now open for the accommodation of the public.

JAS. E. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

TRY
WARD'S
PERFECT FITTING
SHIRTS—
323 MONTGOMERY ST
SAN FRANCISCO
NEW YORK HOUSE
387 BROADWAY.

OFFICIAL. THE PHOENIX. —IN— 1865.

Cash Assets, \$925,902 97.
SWORN FINANCIAL STATEMENT
—OF THE—
PHOENIX
Insurance Company,
—OF—
Hartford Conn.,
—ON THE—
First Day of January, 1865.

Cash on hand, and due from Agents	\$144,250 55
Loans on real estate and collateral security	100,240 00
New York Bank Stocks	95,980 00
Hartford, Conn. Bank Stocks	159,000 00
New Britain, Conn. Bank Stocks	11,900 00
Waterbury, Conn. Bank Stocks	22,500 00
Canada Bank Stocks	10,000 00
Bonds, State, City and Water	159,100 00
BONDS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA and of the CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO	108,750 00
United States Stocks	118,000 00
Accumulated Interest on Loans	4,152 42
Market Value of Assets	\$925,902 97

H. KELLOGG, President.
W. J. JILLSON, Vice President.
W. B. CLARK, Secretary.

**PACIFIC BRANCH OFFICE,
SAN FRANCISCO,
California.**
R. H. MAGILL, Gen'l. Agt.

Devoted to Fire Insurance exclusively, and its aim will be to secure a continuance of public confidence, by a prompt and equitable adjustment of all fair claims for loss—referring to its record of past services, as a faithful guarantee of future performance.

**ALL LOSSES PAID IN
UNITED STATES GOLD COIN**

**A first class Mercantile system of
Resident agents, in all principal
Cities and Towns.**

A. P. MOORE,
Resident Agent,
at Quincy, Cal.
17-3m

Legal Advertisements.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
County of Plumas.

In County Court.
Benj. Coburn
vs.
His Creditors.
Petition in Insolvency.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, to all the creditors of Benj. Coburn send greeting: Pursuant to an order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, County Judge of Plumas County, Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said insolvent, Benj. Coburn, to be and appear before the said Judge, at the Court Room of said Court in the town of Quincy, Plumas Co., California, on the 22d day of May A. D. 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., of that day, then and there to show cause if any they can why the prayer of said insolvent should not be granted, and he be discharged from all his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, and it is further ordered that in the mean time all proceedings against said insolvent be stayed.

By order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, Judge of said Court.
Witness my hand and the Seal of said Court, this 20th day of April, Internal Rev. A. D. 1865.
Stamp, 50 cts. W. W. KELLOGG, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
County of Plumas.

In County Court.
John Coburn
vs.
His Creditors.
Petition in Insolvency.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, to all the Creditors of John Coburn, send greeting: Pursuant to an order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, County Judge of Plumas County, Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said insolvent, John Coburn, to be and appear before the said Judge at the Court Room of said County Court, in the town of Quincy, Plumas County, California, on the 22d day of May, A. D. 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said insolvent should not be granted, and an assignment of his estate be made, and he be discharged from all his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, and it is further ordered that in the mean time all proceedings against said insolvent be stayed.

By order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, Judge of said Court.
Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 20th day of April, Internal Rev. 1865
Stamp, 50 cts. W. W. KELLOGG, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
County of Plumas.

In County Court.
N. McNeal
vs.
His Creditors.
Petition in Insolvency.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, to all the creditors of the said Insolvent N. McNeal send greeting: Pursuant to an order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, County Judge of Plumas County, Notice is hereby given to all the Creditors of the said Insolvent N. McNeal, to be and appear before the said Judge, at the Court Room of said County Court, in the town of Quincy, Plumas County, California, on the 24th day of May, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said insolvent should not be granted, and an assignment of his estate be made, and he be discharged from all his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, and it is further ordered, that in the mean time all proceedings against said insolvent be stayed.

By order of the Hon. A. P. Moore, Judge of said Court.
Witness my hand, and the Seal of said Court, this 21st day of April, Internal Rev. 1865.
Stamp, 50 cts. W. W. KELLOGG, Clerk.

Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
COUNTY OF PLUMAS.

In the Justice's Court, Plumas Township.
The People of the State of California, to D. B. GRAY, Greeting:
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR before me, the undersigned Justice of the Peace, in and for the County of Plumas, on the 24th day of April A. D. 1865, at 2 o'clock P. M., to answer unto the complaint of B. B. Stevens, who in said complaint has named an action against you on the following plea to-wit: To recover the sum of two hundred and sixty-seven and 31-100 dollars, on an account for work and labor performed by plaintiff for you at your request, when judgment will be taken against you for the said amount, together with costs and damages, if you fail to appear and answer.

To the Sheriff or Constable of the county of Plumas, greeting:
Make legal service and due return hereof. Given under my hand this 6th day of April, A. D. 1865.

A. J. GIFFORD,
Justice of the Peace of said Township.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court from the return of the Sheriff and the affidavit of the Plaintiff that the Defendant, D. B. Gray cannot be found in this county, it is therefore ordered that the service of the above summons be had by publication in the QUINCY UNION, a weekly newspaper published in said county, once a week for three consecutive weeks.

24-3w A. J. GIFFORD, J. P.

Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
County of Plumas.

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District, Hough & Re., vs. J. A. Whitmore.

Action brought in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Plumas, and the complaint filed in said county of Plumas, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The People of the State of California send greeting to J. A. WHITMORE, Defendant:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR before me, the undersigned Justice of the Peace, in and for the County of Plumas, on the 24th day of April A. D. 1865, at 2 o'clock P. M., to answer unto the complaint of Hough & Re., who in said complaint has named an action against you on the following plea to-wit: To recover the sum of two hundred and sixty-seven and 31-100 dollars, on an account for work and labor performed by plaintiff for you at your request, when judgment will be taken against you for the said amount, together with costs and damages, if you fail to appear and answer.

To the Sheriff or Constable of the county of Plumas, greeting:
Make legal service and due return hereof. Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, this 21st day of April, Internal Rev. 1865.
Stamp, 50 cts. W. W. KELLOGG, Clerk.

24-3m

Wanted!!
Two JOURNEMEN BOOT & SHOEMAKERS. Wages, by the month or piece. Constant employment given.
P. MORELL,
Taylorville, Indian Valley.

Advertisements.

Dr. C. W. MOORE'S MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE

Commercial street, a few doors below Kearney Street.

ATTENDING AND RESIDENT PHYSICIAN,
C. W. MOORE, M. D.

Late Surgeon, U. S. A., Quarantine Physician at New Orleans and Boston, Lecturer on Morbid Anatomy and Diseases of Women & Children, Member of Massachusetts Medical Society, etc.

DR. MOORE WOULD RE- spectfully inform the people of California that he has established an Institute for the

CURE OF DISEASES, WHETHER CHRONIC OR ACUTE.

AT 641 COMMERCIAL STREET.

A few doors below Kearney, where he may be consulted at all hours.

DISEASES OF THE UTERINE AND OVARIAN FUNCTIONS. Characterized by irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, etc., in the sides and back, sensation of weight in the pelvis, weakness, nervous headaches, leucorrhoea or whites are treated on scientific principles and a prompt and permanent cure effected.

NERVOUS AFFECTIONS. Such as neuralgia, paralysis, giddiness, dimness of vision etc., will receive special attention.

DISEASES OF THE SEXUAL ORGANS. Male and female are treated with all the skill and appliances which modern science has made available. Nauseous drugs and nostrums, which are so often administered for gonorrhea and its kindred diseases, are entirely discarded, and a few days only are required to accomplish a perfect cure.

SECONDARY AND HEREDITARY AFFECTIONS. Syphilis in all its manifold forms, Dyspepsia, Emaciation and debility, treated with certain and unailing remedies—speedily expelling all corrupt humors, and imparting a healthy tone to the blood, regulating the secretions, and reinvigorating the vital powers.

Twenty years practice in different parts of the world, has given the Doctor advantages possessed by few, and his remarkable success warrants a promise of effectual cure.

Medicines with full directions will be sent to any part of the State on receipt of letter describing symptoms.

An Infirmary is connected with the establishment, where patients who desire more rest and constant attention during their sickness, thus avoiding the inconvenience of a hotel. Kind and attentive nurses will be employed, and no means will be left untried to give full satisfaction. Consultation free.

TO THE LADIES.

Females in trouble, or afflicted with disease, are respectfully invited to call on DR. MOORE, and consult him about their troubles. His uniform success in his treatment of female ailments and kindred diseases, is a sufficient guarantee of his scientific attainments. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but call at once, and save yourself from future suffering and misery. Consultations are confidential, and his office are arranged for the strictest privacy.

C. W. MOORE, M. D.,
641, Commercial street,
San Francisco.

Medical Advice.

Without intending to particularize any from among the many distinguished physicians of this city, we cannot avoid referring to the successful treatment of cases which have come under our observation, by Dr. W. K. Doherty, No. 521 Sacramento street, San Francisco, and the gratitude felt towards that gentleman by those who a short time ago, were tottering to the grave, and are now in the enjoyment of health and happiness, freely alike from their poisonous affections, and the equally deadly effects of vile drugs. That their gratitude was sincere, we have not the slightest doubt, as was also their regret for having wasted so much of their time and money on some of the old school physicians, without a particle of benefit resulting therefrom. We do not think we could better consult the public good than by advising all who are afflicted to give Dr. Doherty a call.—San Francisco News.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S
Private Medical & Surgical Institute
Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co's office.
Private entrance on Leidesdorff st.
San Francisco.

N. B.—Read advertisement and the sworn certificates of cures.

QUINCY BREWERY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED of Mr. Akerman his well known and long established Brewery in this place, respectfully informs the people of Plumas and the adjoining counties that they will keep on hand a constant supply of

Lager Beer
Of the best quality. For sale by the Keg or Bottle
NEESMAN & SCHLATTER.
Quincy, Oct. 25, 1862.

LIVERY STABLE, Quincy.

JOHN MOORE, Proprietor.

THIS OLD AND WELL KNOWN STABLE HAS BEEN refitted and refurbished, and the Proprietor is now ready to furnish his old friends and the public with

Buggies and Light Wagons with Fast Horses.

He has a number of superior
SADDLE HORSES
To hire by the Day or Week. Stronger visiting Quincy and wishing to examine the various kinds of Horses of Plumas county, can be accommodated with well trained Horses. Particular attention paid to Horses on LIVERY.

THE CALIFORNIA FLY KILLING LIQUID

FLY PAPER KILLS ITS THOUSANDS.—THE Liquid Fly-Killer kills it tens of thousands! This preparation for Killing Flies gives the greatest satisfaction of anything ever used. It is now improved to the highest killing point. It is of such a nature and so speedy in its effects, that the Flies will not spot the walls and windows, which makes the use of other preparations so objectionable.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.
Sacramento and San Francisco Agents. Depot at U. S. Drug Store, corner of Pine and Kearney streets.

EXCHANGE SALOON.

MAIN ST., QUINCY, CAL.

THE BAR
a well supplied with the best of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.
BILLIARDS.

Two of Phelan & Co's. Modern BILLIARD TABLES with combination cushions are in use at this Saloon.

JAS. H. HOUCK, Proprietor.

THOMPSON & KELLOGG,
DEALERS IN
Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Hardware,
Iron, Steel, Crockery, Clothing,
Boots and Shoes.
Spanish Ranch.

Advertisements.

LLILLIE'S LOCK OPENED In One Minute.

New York, September 2, 1864.
F. TILMAN, Esq., 318 Battery street,
Bet Commercial and Clay, San Francisco.

DEAR SIR: WE NOTICE AN ADVERTISE- ment in your daily papers respecting the "security" of the "Lillie" lock. We are aware that you well understand this lock, and, of course, will not allow yourself to be annoyed by such representations. We have just sent for one of our men from the factory, and he is in our presence, opened one of Lillie's best safe locks, after it had been locked and the combination turned on

By One Blow of the Hammer

Against the knob on the outside, and thereby breaking the cast iron bolt inside.

The whole time occupied in opening the lock was about ONE MINUTE. We send you this lock that your friends may not be deceived by false representations, etc.

Respectfully, etc.,
A. E. TILTON,
WM. MCFARLAND.

NO PRACTICAL
Lock Picker or Thimble Rigger

Required to
OPERATE THE SAID LILLIE LOCK.

Any parties desirous of seeing the above mentioned lock, its insecurity and easy mode of opening the same, can call at

318 Battery Street, San Francisco.

GLoucester, March 25th, 1864.
Messrs. TILTON & MCFARLAND,
Sole Manufacturers, Boston, Mass.

Gentlemen: From representations made by Mr. Lillie, I was induced to purchase of him one of his

So Called "Fire Proof Safes."

On the 18th of February last, a fire occurred in our block which destroyed a number of buildings, and our own with the rest. We trusted our books papers and all in the safe. After the fire, the so called "safe" was taken from the ruins, and on opening it we found that

Everything had been Destroyed.

We send you the safe, with what is left of the papers, and you will see that not one of them is legible or strong enough to sustain its own weight. Having the curiosity to know how our neighbors fared in this fire, we noticed Messrs. McKenrie & Hardy just opening their safe, (TILTON & MCFARLAND'S make) and its contents were found to be

In Perfect Condition.

This led us to further investigation, and we found to our astonishment that from the large amount of combustible material in Messrs. McK. & H.'s cellar—such as lead, pork, etc., their safe was subjected to a much greater heat than that of our own, we being in the clothing business, and had but little in the cellar. There was another of Lillie's safes here subjected to the same fire, faring however, no better than ours.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servants,
GEO. L. CHESBRO & CO.

[Signed:]

TILTON & MCFARLAND'S SAFE,

THE ONLY PROTECTION

Against Fire and Burglars.

For the last Fifteen Years

No Man ever lost a Dollar

out of one of our safes by means of burglary. Their fire and burglar proof qualities are so well known that they need no further recommendation.

A good assortment of Tilton & McFarland's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes to be had at

318 Battery Street, San Francisco.

F. TILMAN:

B-75 12-6m.

HAPPINESS OR MISERY.

THAT is the QUESTION.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE "PACIFIC MUSEUM OF ANATOMY AND SCIENCE," determined, regardless of expense, to issue FREE (for the benefit of suffering humanity) four of the most interesting and instructive LECTURES, on M. RIIAGE and its disqualifications: Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Power, the great Social Evil, and those maladies that result from youthful follies, excesses of maturity, or ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Laws.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded FREE on receipt of Twenty-five Cents in postage stamps, by addressing, "Secretary Pacific Museum of Anatomy and Science, Pine Street San Francisco."

Letters to be sent through Wells, Fargo & Co.

Advertisements.

TREASURERS AND AUDITORS REPORT For the Quarter ending March 6th, 1865. To the Board of Supervisors, Plumas Co., California.

To balance Cash on hand as per last report, \$17,185 43

Distributed as follows:
State Fund, \$15,396 91
County General Fund, 102 45
County Building Fund, 373 49
County Road Fund, 259 48
County Indigent Sick Fund, 40 12
County School Fund, 639 96
Taylor School Fund, 270 10
Mineral Road Fund, 78 75
Seneca Road Fund, 3 91

The Quincy Union.

The following card is taken from a Middletown (Connecticut) paper:

CITY OF MIDDLETOWN, FEB. 13, 1865.

Fellow Citizens. I learn that a certain gentleman from Hartford has blockaded the Connecticut on both sides of the river, and I suppose feels very anxious that you should all be buried, - if I were to judge from the flaming handbills and advertisements of the best Hearse in the State, (which is not true) - and glass front, and glass front, and glass front - of a second-hand Hearse and Irish Coffins, which I have frequently seen in Hartford, and would not have taken them as a gift to bury you in, and has brought them to this city and Portland in the night - and now do you wish to be buried in Coffins that would not sell in Hartford. I trust not. You all recollect that the citizens of Hartford have done their best to kill us all, to the tune of \$6000, five thousand by the town, and one thousand by the city, and you have been so patient and christian like (remember the Air Line, which I would have built had I the money, if it had taken the last dollar), that I think they had good reason to believe that we were all dead, and therefore sent a delegate, recommended by six gentlemen - I suppose of the city court - to bury you and the Citizens of Portland gently, before the war is over. Now as an old citizen of the city and town, setting aside my business, I consider the operation an insult, I want no advice from the good people of Hartford - how to bury you or any of my good friends, I have made Coffins since 1815, because the people die. I do not want you to die that I may have business, God forbid. Now, when a man, or men, come here to make Coffins, they want you to die for the sake of business - that is just the difference - nothing longer and nothing shorter can be said. As City Sexton he assumes a little too much authority for a class leader and presiding elder over coffin shops. I like a man to be a man or a mouse or a long-tail rat and then I can calculate where to find him. Some of my best friends have frequently told me that I was too liberal and kind, and all the thanks that I should receive was abuse. All my earnings and hard work have gone for building up the city, to the tune of over \$4000. All I ask of this world's goods, is just enough to bury me, not one dollar do I want to leave behind. I had rather fall into the hands of the devil than in the hands of those that pretend to be friends and are not, and would take my heart's blood if they could get it, and expect to get to heaven, no matter how. A gentleman said to me, why have you stained and varnished all the town coffins since 1815, and buried the town poor for nothing? since I was appointed City Sexton by a united vote of the Board, His Honor, C. W. Al op being Mayor, Jan. 3, 1844 - an office that I prize higher than to be major-general of the Army of this republic, although it has cost money - my answer was, that I liked to be a servant of God's poor. There are no small potatoes about me, and I am not afraid to trust God yet, if I do get my life insured. Says another gentleman, why did you move the liberty pole? Because, I said, the place where it now stands is the place for it. What everybody said, is true. I wanted to convince the citizens that one Southmayd knew something about matters and things. Respectfully, J. E. SOUTHMAYD.

NOT TO BE CALLED FOR. - We understand that in view of the late success of the Union arms and the present condition of affairs generally in the East, Governor Low has concluded not to call for the Ninth and Tenth Regiments of California troops, as recently contemplated. - [Sac. Union.]

MATCHES. - John Sedgwick, United States Tax Collector, has prosecuted several parties in Stockton for violating the United States Internal Revenue law in selling matches without the required stamps. In each case the amount claimed is \$1,350.

In the deserted office of the Charleston Courier, was found the beginning of an editorial in type thus: "There are no indications that our authorities have the first intention of abandoning Charleston, as we have ascertained from careful inquiry" and then the compositor dropped his stick and ran with the rest.

The brethren of San Francisco will celebrate the forty-sixth anniversary of the Odd Fellows on the 26th of April next by a picnic, together with appropriate ceremonies, at some point on the line of the San Jose Railroad.

The following are some of the names of mining camps in Sierra and Plumas counties: Sawpit, Onion Valley, Whiskey, Hesperian, Sweet Oil, Port Wine, Ballahack, No God, and Last Chance.

A new hat, a pair of boots four "smiles" and three oyster stews are now reckoned as a fair compensation for a first-rate theatrical puff in some of the city papers.

Solano county has an outstanding indebtedness of \$147,106 50. Upwards of \$100,000 of this is for railroad bonds.

The Humboldt Register says that the recent election in Sacramento "was carried by the Union organization known as the Boys - comprising the best men they have in Sacramento."

VALDICTORY. - William S. Byrne, of the Grass Valley National, has disposed of his interest in that paper to Charles S. Wells, and taken formal leave of his patrons.

H. P. Eaton, the Marysville Mail robber, has been awarded the lightest sentence under the law - ten years imprisonment.

JEFF'S SONG. - "The Devil flew away with the excitement."

New Advertisements.

THE AMERICAN CONFLICT.

A HISTORY OF THE GREAT REBELLION IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 1860-64: Its Causes, Incidents, and Results.

Intended to exhibit especially its moral and political phases, with the drift and progress of American opinion respecting human slavery from 1776 to the close of the War.

BY HORACE GREELY.

Illustrated by portraits on steel of Generals, Statesmen, and other eminent men. Views of places of historic interest; maps, diagrams of battle-fields, naval actions, etc., from official sources.

TO BE COMPLETED IN TWO VOLUMES.

Price per Vol. Embossed Cloth, plain edge, \$5.50 Embossed Leather, marbled edge, 6.50 Plain Leather, Library style, sprinkled edge, 6.50 Extra fine Library ed'n, half calf, marbled edge, 9.00

S. F. SEABURY, Agent

For Bancroft & Co., for Plumas and Lassen Co's.

73 ft

WHITING & CO'S

EXPRESS.

Daily to Marysville;

There connecting with

Wells, Fargo & Co.

Langton & Co.,

Holland, Morley & Co.,

To all parts of California, the Atlantic States and Europe.

Bills of Exchange

Procured of Wells, Fargo & Co., payable in all

the principal Cities in the Atlantic

States and Europe.

COLLECTIONS AND COMMISSIONS

Promptly attended to.

TREASURE

Shipped to the lower Cities at reasonable rates.

We will not be responsible for valuable letters unless our receipt is given for the same. We send

WEEKLY EXPRESSES

TO -

Indian Valley,

Round Valley,

Honey Lake,

Rich Bar,

Junction Bar

And all other points in Plumas county.

WHITING & CO.

Quincy, Oct. 28, 1862.

MOORE

-AT THE-

Post Office,

Has for sale the following Goods:

CANDIES,

NUTS,

RAISINS,

FIGS,

DRIED PEACHES, CITRON,

DRIED APPLES,

DRIED CURRANTS,

HONEY IN THE COMB,

JELLIES,

JAMS, AND

OYSTERS,

A No. 1 HAVANA CIGARS,

CABLE TOBACCO,

COMMON TOBACCO,

KILLICKNICK TOBACCO,

FOREST ROSE TOBACCO,

PIPES AND SNUFF.

Also a very large assortment of

POCKET KNIVES,

RAZORS,

STRAPS AND BRUSHES,

TOYS,

PORT MONAIES,

PENS, INK

AND PAPER,

ENVELOPES,

TIME BOOKS,

AND DIARIES

Drugs and Medicines.

Consisting in part of

Sarsaparilla,

Expectorants, Balsams,

Liniments, Ointments, Seidlitz

Powders, Castor Oil, Eye Water,

Pain Killer, Pills (all kinds),

Mrs. Winslow's Syrup,

Spalding's Glue, &c. &c.

Together with a general assortment of Toilet and Fancy Articles; ALSO

5,000 POUNDS OF WINTER APPLES.

Advertisements.

DR. J. M. MORENO'S

Medical & Surgical

INSTITUTE,

San Francisco.

NO. 619, KEARNEY STREET.

Corner Commercial Street.

Established in 1852 for the permanent cure of all

Private and Chronic Diseases, and for

the Suppression of Quackery.

DR. J. M. MORENO,

Formerly of Valparaiso.

Attending & Resident Physician.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO THE

treatment of Diseases of Women and Children.

Communications strictly confidential, and all

correspondence promptly answered. Consultations by

letter or otherwise FREE.

To those who are Afflicted.

DR. J. M. MORENO returns his sincere thanks

to his numerous patients for their patronage, and

would take this opportunity to remind them

that he continues to consult at his Institute for the

cure of all forms of Private Diseases, - such as Syphilis,

Gonorrhea, Nocturnal Emissions, and the conse-

quence of self abuse. In the first stages of syphilis

or gonorrheal diseases, he guarantees a cure in

a few days without inconvenience to the patient, or

hindrance to his business. When a patient by neg-

lect or improper treatment, has developed the sec-

ondary symptoms of syphilis, such as painful swell-

ings on the glands, or ulcers in the throat and nose,

which if not checked, destroy the soft parts and

cause the bone to mortify, separate and come

away, leaving the sufferer an object of horror to be-

hold, or when blotches and pimples break out on

the skin, or when he has painful swellings upon the

bones, or when his constitution is injured so as to

be predisposed to consumption or other constitutional

disease, the Doctor guarantees a cure or asks no

compensation. In rheumatism, chronic or acute,

in dysentery or diarrhea, he has safe and effectual

remedies. For the treatment of the consequences

of self abuse, such as nocturnal emissions, nervous-

ness, timidity, headache, ringing in the ears, pains

in the back and limbs, with general weakness, loss

of appetite, loss of memory, injury to the sight,

restlessness, confusion of ideas, dislike for society,

and a feeling of weariness of life, the nervous sys-

tem is soothed by the use of the Doctor's medicine,

without mercury or any injurious drugs, or

cauterization, and the patient is restored to health

free of charge, and invites all to call, as it will cost

nothing, and may be much to their advantage.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Spermatorrhoea.

Or local weakness, nervous debility, low spirits,

lassitude, weakness of the limbs and back, indis-

position and incapacity for labor and study, dull-

ness of apprehension, loss of memory, aversion to

society, loss of self-respect, self-distrust, dizziness,

headache, involuntary discharges, pains in the

side, affections of the eyes, pimples on the face

and other infirmities in man, are cured with-

out fail by the justly celebrated medicine sur-

geon Dr. J. M. Moreno. His method of curing

disease is new (unknown to others) hence his great

success.

A Preventative.

Persons who wish to guard against disease or

the natural consequences of the marriage state, can

have a preventative forwarded that can be re-

lied upon at all times, by sending two dollars en-

closed in a letter directed to Dr. Moreno, Box

28, P. O. San Francisco.

Certificate for Dr. Moreno.

"This is to certify that having suffered for a long

time and almost without hope of recovering my

health, from Secondary Syphilis, and that after

consulting many eminent Physicians, without re-

ceiving any relief, I placed myself under treatment

of Dr. J. M. MORENO, and that by his skillful

and attentive treatment he, in a comparatively

short time, not only effected a perfect cure of my

disease and restored me to my usual health, but

also effected all traces of my unhappy malady.

Therefore, I recommend to all suffering from the

same cause, to apply at once to Dr. Moreno,

where they are sure to receive all the attention and

help a skillful physician is able to render.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th

day of April, A. D. 1863.

A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.

State of California, County of San Francisco.

OFFICE OF J. M. MORENO,

Kearney Street, corner of Commercial.

21-3m. SAN FRANCISCO.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work

of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

[Critical Notices of the Press.

It is the foremost Magazine of the day. The freest ver-

bal and most delightful companion, not the million a

month, but the million a year. It is a more enter-

prising friend, than Harper's Magazine. - [Methodist

Protestant, Baltimore.]

The most popular Monthly in the world. - [New York

Observer.]

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone

and varied excellence of HARPER'S MAGAZINE - a journal with

a monthly circulation of about 175,000 copies - in whose pages

are to be found some of the choicest light and general

reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence

of the American People; and the popularity it has ac-

quired is marvellous. Each number contains fully 144 pages

of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good cuts;

and it combines in itself the most interesting and the most

philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of

a daily journal. It has great power in the dissemination

of a love of pure literature. - [Traveller's Guide to American

Literature, London.]

The volumes bound constitute of themselves a library

of miscellaneous reading such as can not be found in the

same compass in any other publication that has come un-

der our notice. - [Boston Courier.]

California Subscriptions.

Being desirous of extending the influence of their publi-

cations in this section, the Publishers of Harper's Maga-

zine and Weekly will pay particular attention to sub-

scriptions from the PACIFIC STATES, and subscribers may rely

upon the prompt arrival of their Magazines by mail.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which

they can supply the Magazine and Weekly promptly to

those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from

the Office of Publication.

The postage on Harper's Magazine is 24 cents a year,

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